IN THE CLAIMS:

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1. (Currently Amended) A wireless access method in which there are installed a plurality of access point stations deploying a wireless service area and forming a communication link with a mobile radio terminal which has entered the service area, and a communication link is formed between the plurality of access point stations to perform communication, the method comprising:

performing point-to-multipoint type communication with the mobile radio terminal by providing [[an]] <u>a self-heterodyne</u> RF transceiver in each of the plurality of access point stations;

performing point-to-point type communication with other access point stations by providing one or more another self-heterodyne RF transceivers in each of the plurality of access point stations, said plurality of access point stations comprising a control access point station, a first repeater access point station and a second repeater access point station, signal processing at each access point being performed in an IF frequency band obtained by performing down-converting from an RF frequency band, said control access point station performing signal modulation/demodulation or access control, said control access point station broadcasting and delivering a first signal in a first RF frequency band to each mobile radio terminal located within a coverage area of said control access point and simultaneously relaying/transmitting a second signal in a second RF frequency band to said first repeater access point station, said second repeater access point station converting and dividing a reception signal in a RF frequency band into two signals in an IF frequency band and converting said two signals into a third signal in

a third RF frequency band and a fourth signal in a fourth RF frequency band into a first signal and a second signal when said second repeater access point station receives said reception signal from one of said first repeater access point station and said control access point station, said first, second, third and fourth RF frequency bands being different from each other, said second repeater access point station broadcasting and delivering said [[first]] third signal to each mobile radio terminal located within a coverage area of said second repeater access point and simultaneously relaying/transmitting said second fourth signal to another one of said access point stations based on a non-reproduction scheme, said second repeater access point station receiving a mobile radio terminal signal from one of said mobile radio terminals located within said coverage area of said second repeater access point station, said second repeater access point station relaying/transmitting said mobile radio terminal signal to one of said access point stations based on a non-reproduction scheme, wherein signal processing at each access point station is performed in an IF frequency band obtained by performing down-converting from an RF frequency band.

2. (Canceled)

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3. (Previously Presented) The wireless access method according to claim 1, wherein: to a radio signal transmitted from the control access point station to another access point station, there is attached destination information for allowing a destination access point station to perform identification; and

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each repeater access point station identifies destination information of a received signal, relaying/transmitting the signal to another access point station based on a non-reproduction scheme when the signal is not destined for the own station, broadcasting the signal to the coverage area of the own station to deliver the signal to all mobile radio terminals when the signal is destined for the own station.

4. (Canceled)

- 5. (Currently Amended) The wireless access method according to claim 1, wherein the self-heterodyne RF transceiver included in the access point station is based on a millimeter-wave self-heterodyne scheme.
- 6. (Currently Amended) A wireless access system in which there are installed a plurality of access point stations deploying a wireless service area and forming a communication link with a mobile radio terminal which has entered the service area, and a communication link is formed between the plurality of access point stations, the system comprising:

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<u>a self-heterodyne</u>[[an]] RF transceiver to form point-to-multipoint type communication link with the mobile radio terminal, said RF transceiver being located in each of said plurality of access point stations; and

one or more another <u>self-heterodyne</u> RF transceivers to form a point-to-point type communication link with another access point station, said plurality of access point stations

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comprising a control access station point, a first repeater access point station and a second repeater access point station, wherein signal processing at each access point station is performed in an IF frequency band obtained by performing down-converting from an RF frequency band said first repeater access point station receiving a signal from one of said second repeater access point station and said control station, said control access station point transmitting and delivering a first signal in a first RF frequency band to each mobile radio terminal located within a coverage area of said control access station point and simultaneously transmitting a second signal in a second RF frequency band to said first repeater access point station, said second repeater access point station converting and dividing a reception signal in a RF frequency band into two signals in an IF frequency band and converting said two signals into a third signal in a third RF frequency band and a fourth signal in a fourth RF frequency band when said second repeater access point station receives said reception signal from one of said first repeater access point station and said control access point station, each of said RF frequency bands being different from another one of said RF frequency bands, said [[first]] second repeater access point station broadcasting and delivering said third dividing said signal into a first signal and a second signal, said first repeater access point station delivering said first signal to each mobile radio terminal located within a coverage area of said first repeater access point station and simultaneously transmitting said second fourth signal to another one of said access point stations based on a non-reproduction scheme, said [[first]] second repeater access point station receiving a mobile radio terminal signal from one of said mobile radial radio terminals located within said coverage area of said first repeater access point station, said [[first]] <u>second</u> repeater access point station transmitting said mobile radio terminal signal to another one of said access point stations.

7. (Original) The wireless access system according to claim 6, wherein the plurality of access point stations are constructed in cascade arrangement or two-dimensionally across a wide area, whereby a wireless service zone is deployed on a planar surface.

8. (Canceled)

9. (Previously Presented) The wireless access system according to claim 6, wherein: to a radio signal transmitted from the control access point station to another access

point station, there is attached destination information for allowing a destination access point

station to perform identification; and

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each repeater access point station identifies destination information of a received signal, relaying/transmitting the signal to another access point station based on a non-reproduction scheme when the signal is not destined for the own station, broadcasting the signal to the coverage area of the own station to deliver the signal to all mobile radio terminals when the signal is destined for the own station.

10. (Canceled)

11. (Currently Amended) The wireless access system according to claim 6, wherein the <u>self-heterodyne</u> RF transceiver included in the access point station is based on a millimeter-wave self-heterodyne scheme.

12. (Currently Amended) A wireless access method, comprising:

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providing a plurality of access point stations, each access point station transmitting a wireless service to define a wireless service area;

providing a first <u>self-heterodyne</u> RF transceiver in each of said plurality of access point stations;

performing point-to-multipoint type communication with a mobile radio terminal located in one or more of said wireless service areas with said first <u>self-heterodyne</u> RF transceiver;

providing a second <u>self-heterodyne</u> RF transceiver in each of said plurality of access point stations;

performing point-to-point type communication with one of said access point stations and another of said access point stations via said second self-heterodyne RF transceivers transreceiver, said plurality of access point stations comprising a control access point station, a first repeater access point station and a second repeater access point station, said control access point station performing signal modulation/demodulation or access control, wherein signal processing at each access point station is performed in an IF frequency band obtained by performing down-converting from an RF frequency band, said control access point station transmitting and delivering a first signal in a first RF frequency band to each mobile radio

terminal located within a coverage area of said control access point and simultaneously transmitting a second signal in a second RF frequency band to said first repeater access point station, said second repeater access point station receiving a reception signal in a RF frequency from one of said first repeater access point station and said control access point station, said second repeater access point station converting and dividing [[a]] said reception signal into a first signal and a second signal in an IF frequency band when said second repeater access point station receives a signal from one of said first repeater access point station and said control access point station, said second repeater access point station converting said first signal into a third signal in a third RF frequency band and said second repeater access point station converting said second signal into a fourth signal in a fourth RF frequency band, each RF frequency band being different from another said RF frequency band, said second repeater access point station delivering said [[first]] third signal to one or more mobile radio terminals located within said wireless service area of said second repeater access point and simultaneously delivering said second fourth signal to another one of said access point stations, said second repeater access point station receiving a mobile radio terminal signal from one of said mobile radio terminals located within said wireless service area of said second repeater access point station, said second repeater access point station delivering said mobile radio terminal signal to another one access point stations, wherein signal processing at each access point station is performed in an IF frequency band obtained by performing down-converting from an RF frequency band.

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13. (Previously Presented) A wireless access method according to claim 12, wherein:

to a radio signal transmitted from the control access point station to another access point station, there is attached destination information for allowing a destination access point station to perform identification; and

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each repeater access point station identifies destination information of a received signal, relaying/transmitting the signal to another access point station based on a non-reproduction scheme when the signal is not destined for the own station, broadcasting the signal to the coverage area of the own station to deliver the signal to all mobile radio terminals when the signal is destined for the own station.

14. (Currently Amended) A wireless access method according to claim 12, wherein the <u>self-heterodyne</u> RF transceiver included in the access point station is based on a millimeter-wave self-heterodyne scheme.